

Class 7

HISTORY

Dear students learn chapter 1 Rise for Christianity for test on Wednesday (20th May, 2020).

Check the following worksheet and do the corrections if required.

WORKSHEET

CHAPTER: THE TURKISH INVASION AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DELHI SULTANATE

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

Q1. Name the two important states established by the Turks ?

Ans. the two important states established by the Turks were Ghazni and Ghor.

Q2. How many times Sultan Mahmud of Ghazni invaded India and in which CE?

Ans. The Sultan Mahmud of Ghazni invaded India 17 times in the course of 25 years (1001- 1025 CE).

Q3. Who was Jaipal's son?

Ans. Anandpal was Jaipal's son.

Q4. Who defeated Jaipal?

Ans. Sultan Muhmud of Ghazni defeated Jaipal.

Q5. Why most of Mahmud's attacks were directed at the temple towns of North India?

Ans. Mahmud's attacks were directed at the temple towns of North India because these temple towns were the treasure house of fabulous riches.

Q6. Name the most ambitious and profitable expedition temple which was attacked by Mahmud of Ghazni.

Ans. Somnath Temple in Kathiawar was the most ambitious and profitable expedition temple which was attacked by Mahmud of Ghazni

Q7. Name the two scholars patronized by Mahmud of Ghazni.

Ans. The two scholars patronized by Mahmud of Ghazni were:-

- i) The Persian poet Firdausi, author of the great epic Shahnama.
- ii) Al Beruni a great Persian historian and mathematician.

Q8. In which year the first Battle of Tarain took place?

Ans. The first Battle of Tarain took place in 1191 CE.

Q9. Name the ruler who refused to help Prithviraj Chauhan during the second battle of Tarain.

Ans. Raja Jaichandra of Kanauj refused to help Prithviraj Chauhan during the second battle of Tarain.

Q10. When did the second battle of Tarain take place?

Ans. The second Battle of Tarain took place in 1192 CE.

Q11. Name the viceroy appointed by Muhammad Ghori before returning to Ghor.

Ans. Qutbuddin Aibak was appointed as a viceroy by Muhammad Ghori before returning to Ghor.

Q12. Name the General appointed by Muhammad Ghori.

Ans. Muhammad bin Bakhtiar Khilji

Q13. For how many years did the Sultans of Delhi rule the country?

Ans. The Sultans of Delhi ruled the country from 1206 – 1526 CE.

Q14. In which battle Prithviraj Chauhan was defeated? And in which CE?

Ans. In the Second battle of Tarain Prithviraj Chauhan was defeated in the year 1192 CE.

Q15. Name the founder of Turkish rule in India?

Ans. Iltutmish was the true founder of Turkish rule in India.

Q16. How did Iltutmish save India from the threat of Mongol invasion?

Ans. Iltutmish politely refused to help Shah of Persia when he asked for shelter by doing so, he saved India from the threat of a Mongol invasion.

Q17. Why was Qutbuddin known as 'lakhbaksh'?

Ans. Lakshbaksh means 'giver of lakhs'. Qutbuddin Aibak was given this name because of his generosity.

Q18. Who started building Qutb Minar and by it was completed it?

Ans. Qutb Minar was started by Qutbuddin Aibak and completed by his successor, Iltutmish.

Q19. Name the five major Rajput Kingdom at the time when Muhammad Ghori invaded India at the end of 12th century CE.

Ans. The five major Rajput Kingdom at the time when Muhammad Ghori invaded India at the end of 12th century CE were **Rathors** of Kanauj, the **Chauhans** of Delhi and Ajmer, the **Solankis** of Gujarat, the **Paramaras** of Malwa and the **Chandellas** of Bundelkhand.

Q20. What is the meaning of 'divine kingship'?

Ans. 'Divine Kingship' means that the king is considered a representative of God on Earth.

State whether True or False:

1. Muhammad Ghori died in 1210 CE.

Ans. False (He died in 1206 CE)

2. Qutbuddin Aibak ruled for about 4 years.

Ans. True

3. The construction of Qutub Minar was started by Muhammad Ghori.

Ans. False (It was started by Qutbuddin Aibak)

4. Qutub Minar was used to as a minaret by the muezzin to summon muslims for prayer.

Ans . True

5. In 210 CE Ghiyasudin Balban died in an accidental fall from a horse.

Ans. False (Ghiyasudin Balban died in 1286 CE)

6. Iltutmish defeated the Rajput rulers of Ujjain, Rathombore, Malwa and Gwalior.

Ans. True

7. Sultans were the ruler of the Delhi Sultanat who ruled from Delhi.

Ans. True

8. Altunia killed Yakut.

Ans. False

9. The tomb of Iltutmish is situated in Pakistan.

Ans. False (It is in Mehrauli (New Delhi))

10. Nasiruddin Mahmud is the youngest son of Iltutmish.

Ans. True