

HISTORY WORK (18TH MAY 2020)

Class 6

Dear students revise chapter 1 The Mesopotamian Civilization for test on Friday(22nd May,2020).

Kindly go through the following worksheet of chapter 3 the Indus Valley Civilization and do the corrections if required.

SOLVED WORKSHEET

CHAPTER - 3 THE INDUS VALLEY CIVILIZATION

Q1. Who discovered the Harappan Civilization?

Ans. Harappan Civilization was discovered by Dayaram Sahni in 1921.

Q2. Who discovered the ancient ruins of Mohenjodaro?

Ans. Mohenjodaro was discovered by Rakhaldas Banerjee in 1922-23.

Q3. To which age the Harappan civilization ?

Ans. The Harappan Civilization belongs to Bronze Age

Q4. Which civilization flourished from 2500 BCE to 1500 BCE?

Ans. The Indus Valley Civilization flourished between 2500 BCE to 1500 BCE.

Q5. What is the meaning of Mohenjodaro?

Ans. Mohenjodaro means 'mound of the dead'.

Q6. Name the river where Mohenjodaro is located? Where is it?

Ans. Mohenjodaro is located on the banks of river Indus in Larkana district of Sind (now in Pakistan).

Q6. Name the river where Harappan civilization is located. Where is it?

Ans. Harappan is located on the banks of river Ravi in the Montgomery district of western Punjab (now in Pakistan).

Q7. What was Great Granary at Harappa used for?

Ans. Great Granary at Harappa were used as storehouses.

Q8. Name the countries with whom the Indus valley people carried on trade.

Ans. The Indus Valley people had trade relations with countries like Mesopotamian(Iraq) , Persia (Iran) and Afganistan.

Q9. What is Terracotta?

Ans. Terracotta ia a reddish-brown clay that has been baked.

Q10. Name the major sites of the Indus Valley civilization.

Ans. The major sites of Indus Valley Civilization are Lothal (Gujrat), Ropar (Punjab), Kalibangan (Rajadthan), Alamgirpur(Uttar Pradesh), Surkotada(Gujrat) and Banawali (Haryana).

Q11. Write a short note on :

- a) Trade – Trade was carried on both by land and sea routes. Bullock carts, boats and ships were probably used for transport.
- b) Seals of Indus Valley – Seals are the clay tablets which were used by Harappan merchants to stamp their goods.

Q12. How did the Harappan Civilization end?

Ans. Scholars have put forward various theories to explain its collapse

- Natural calamities – like earthquakes, floods or epidemics may have destroyed the cities.
- Invasion by foreign tribes like the Aryans may have led to its destruction
- A change in the course of the river Indus may have made the land infertile.