


CHAPTER 13: Directive Principles of State Policy

Exercises

A Fill in the blanks. 

- The _____ which all governments are expected to follow for the _____ of the people are known as Directive Principles of State Policy.
- The Directive Principles contain a list of important and basic _____ and _____ rights which the framers of the Constitution wanted every Indian to enjoy.

- To establish economic equality in the country, the government is directed to ensure a _____ and _____ distribution of the _____ and _____ resources of the country.
- The government is directed to promote _____ industries in villages and prohibit the _____ of cattle according to the Gandhian Principles.
- Free and compulsory _____ for all children between 6 and 14 years has been made a Fundamental Right.

B Match the following. 

A	B
1. guidelines for the government	(a) promotion of justice
2. adequate means of livelihood for all citizens	(b) General Principles
3. establish village panchayats	(c) Directive Principles of State Policy
4. promote international peace and security	(d) Gandhian Principles
5. free legal aid to needy citizens	(e) Principles promoting economic equality

C Choose the correct answer.

- After 200 years of foreign rule, the Indian economy was strong/stable/ruined.
- The Directive Principles can be classified into three/four/five categories.
- Some of the ideas of B. R. Ambedkar/Jawaharlal Nehru/Mahatma Gandhi were included as Directive Principles.
- One of the Gandhian Principles/General Principles/Principles promoting economic equality directs the government to prevent the consumption of intoxicating drinks and other harmful drugs.
- The Directive Principles ask the government to provide free legal aid/economic help/housing to needy citizens so that justice is promoted.

D State whether the following are true or false.

- The framers of our Constitution had a dream of a welfare state.
- The provision of free and compulsory education to all children up to the age of 14 is a General Principle.
- The Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy do not have the same purpose.
- If you are deprived of your Fundamental Rights, you can go to the High Court or the Supreme Court to seek the protection and enforcement of your rights.
- India has achieved the goal of a welfare state.