

CHAPTER 12: THE CONSTITUTION AND THE PREAMBLE

DO THE FOLLOWING EXERCISES (PAGE 123)

Exercises

A Fill in the blanks.

1. The Constitution of India was framed by the _____.
2. The Preamble tells us about the _____ of the Constitution, the _____ of the state and its main _____.
3. Socialism involves _____ distribution of the country's wealth among _____ sections of the people.
4. The people of India elect their own government because India is a _____ country.
5. The President of India has a fixed term of _____ years.

B Match the following.

A	B
1. 1946	(a) India became independent.
2. 1947	(b) The Constitution of India was passed.
3. 1949	(c) The first meeting of the Constituent Assembly was held.
4. 1950	(d) The Constitution of India was amended.
5. 1976	(e) India became a sovereign, democratic republic.

C Choose the correct answer.

1. India won freedom from **British/French/Portuguese** rule on 15 August 1947.
2. The chairman of the Constituent Assembly of India was **Dr Rajendra Prasad/B. R. Ambedkar/Maulana Azad**.
3. The source of the Indian Constitution is the **President/the Prime Minister/the people** of India.
4. A **democratic/socialist/secular** state does not have an official religion.
5. A democracy can work only if there is a spirit of **jealousy/brotherhood/competition** among the different sections of society.

D State whether the following are true or false.

1. The Constitution of India was framed by the British government.
2. Sarojini Naidu was a member of the Constituent Assembly.
3. The Preamble is the conclusion to the Constitution.
4. When the President of India dies, his/her son becomes the next President.
5. All Indian citizens are equal in the eyes of the law.