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Meaning and scope of comparative Politics

Meaning: Comparative Politics is the study of all the government structure, political institution and their function of the world.

eg: when we compare the Indian Judiciary with the US Judiciary.

Scope of Comparative Politics

1. All Political Structure : It includes the study of all structures - formal, non-formal, governmental, extra-government.
2. Functional Study of all Political Structure : It focuses on the functions of all Political structures.
3. Study of Political Behaviour : It studies the Behaviours of the people in the process of politics.
eg: voting behaviour, political participation.
4. Study of all Political System : It studies the Political system of all the countries in the world i.e. Western as well as non-Western.
5. Study of Political culture : attitude, beliefs, emotions and values of a society related to Political System.
6. Study of Political parties, pressure groups and Interest group.

Meaning of International Relations

It is the study of relations and interactions among all the nations of the international community.

Scope of Study of International Relation

1. Nation-state as the key actor: It studies the relations and interaction between two or more states/Nations.
2. National-Interest: It is the objective that each nation tries to achieve during the course of relation with other nations.
3. National-Power: It is the ability of a nation to carry out its foreign policy.
4. Foreign-Policy: It is thought out course of action for securing the objectives of National interest.
5. International Institutions and Regional Organisation: The study of organisation like NATO, OPEC, ASEAN etc.
6. Non-State Actors: It studies the influence of international organisation, supra-national organisation, MNC's, NGO on the international scenario.

IV. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Meaning: It refers to the activities undertaken by the civil servant for giving effect to public policies and decisions of the government.

Scope

1. Administrative theory: It is concerned with the administrative activities of the government i.e., executive, legislature and Judiciary.

2. Applied Administration: It's the application of all administrative decisions.

3. Study of administration at various levels.

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V. POLITICAL ECONOMY

Meaning: It studies the political aspects of economic policy-making and also the economic aspect of political policy-making.